

Sub: **HUM 211** (Sociology)

Full Marks: 140

Time: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

USE SEPARATE SCRIPTS FOR EACH SECTION

SECTION – AThere are **FOUR** questions in this section. Answer any **THREE**.

1. (a) Demonstrate how C. Wright Mills' sociological imagination enables researchers to examine social facts while maintaining a value-neutral position. (10)
- (b) Explain the principles of functionalism as a theoretical perspective. Discuss the application of functionalism to recognize the social elements and their inter-relationships (13 1/3)
2. (a) Explain Anthony Giddens' four stage model of capitalist development. (10)
- (b) Discuss how A. Giddens explains the transition from low-trust, full-time employment (Fordism) to high-trust, automated and contractual job (post Fordism) in capitalist productions systems. What are the social implications of this shift? (13 1/3)
3. (a) Define social stratification. Illustrate how caste and class systems differently controlled access to social resources and social mobility. (10)
- (b) 'The history of all hitherto existing societies is the history of class struggle'- explain this statement based on Karl Marx's discussion of class consciousness and social change. (13 1/3)
4. Write short notes on any three of the following: (23 1/3)
 - a) Types of socialization
 - b) Social mobility
 - c) Industrial revolution
 - d) Cooley's looking glass self-theory.

SECTION – BThere are **FOUR** questions in this section. Answer any **THREE**.

5. (a) What do you mean by globalization? Illustrate the complete background of globalization. (10)
- (b) Discuss the population exchange and its impact on literacy, occupation and gender due to the partition of India in 1947. (13 1/3)
6. (a) Demonstrate and analyze the Harris and Ullman's Multiple Nuclei Model of city growth. (10)
- (b) Elaborate the socio-technical evolution of human society. (13 1/3)
7. (a) Compare socio-economic inequality among high-income, middle-income, and low-income countries around the world. (10)
- (b) Define social change. Analyze the major causes of social change in modern societies. (13 1/3)
8. (a) Write short notes on any three of the following: (23 1/3)
 - a) Deindustrialization
 - b) Infant Mortality Rate (IMR)
 - c) Total Fertility Rate (TFR)
 - d) Megalopolises